

Richard Barrett

absences

2022-24

violin and percussion

performance score

absences

(2022-24) for violin and percussion

commissioned by ELISION

to Harry Ward and Peter Neville

duration: 7 minutes

percussion instrumentation:

steel drum
3 frog gueros (different sizes)
2 long gueros (different sizes)
flexatone (for bowing only – strikers removed)
styrofoam block(s) to produce 4 distinct sounds when bowed (within each of which some variation should be possible)
bows
4 steel drum mallets
2 superball mallets
vibrator
magnet and small piece of cloth to cushion it from the steel drum

violin notations:

psp, msp = poco and molto sul ponticello respectively, the former already being noticeably different in timbre from *nat.*, the latter being as extreme as possible consistent with the fundamental pitch remaining audible. *pst, mst* = poco and molto sul tasto (similarly) *clt* = col legno tratto

]= audible bow- stop at the end of a sound. A *legato* slur before a notehead indicates that the sound is to be played with no discernible attack.

↓↓↓↓ = ascending degrees of bow pressure: *flautando*; “normal”; exaggerated and distorted (pitch only just discernible); completely pitchless scraping. *flautando*: sometimes a transition to *flautando* might involve an increase in dynamic level – this implies a speeding up of bow movement as a change of timbre.

-----→ = a smooth gradual transition between two states (for example bow position and/or pressure)

●= normal left-hand fingerpressure ◇= “harmonic” fingerpressure

12343432123... = rapid exchange of fingers on a single pitch or glissando ♯ = vibrato (otherwise no vibrato!), sometimes also applied to a glissando

percussion notations:

The intention is that four standard steel drum sticks are used throughout (thus also for the gueros), except for those places where other excitors are specifically required.

The gueros should be placed so that they can be played without being picked up. In particular the three frog gueros should be placed in a line so that a “glissando” can be played by scraping across them from low to high or high to low. A staccatissimo mark on a guero sound indicates that the stroke should be as short and rapid as possible (according to the notated dynamic level), almost like a spiccato attack on a bowed string instrument.

The gueros are notated on a two-line stave in order of descending size, thus:  - the two long gueros and then the three frogs.

The four “pitches” of the styrofoam block(s) are notated thus: 

The technique of producing a glissando on the steel drum by sliding a magnet across the note was developed by Hamish Upton, to whom many thanks.

 = dead-stick]= damp sound

general notes:

absences for violin and percussion is a component of the conglomerate composition *PSYCHE* for ensemble and electronics, in whose 160-minute duration it begins exactly at the halfway point. One way of describing the unifying concept of *PSYCHE* is as an exploration of the relationship between musical experience (and thus by extension phenomena experienced through other sensory pathways) and different states of consciousness. The materials and structure of *absences* emerge from a contemplation of the boundary between wakefulness and dreaming, as trains of thought might disintegrate into ungraspably nebulous percepts and then reform, although of course *absences* isn’t an attempt to embody these liminal states directly in sound. Its form consists of nine components which alternate between three kinds of musical behaviour. In components 1, 3 and 7, a violin part marked “as fast as possible” is shadowed by percussion sounds which create a more or less noise-centred aura around it, and increasingly interrupted by silences until in component 9 these silences acquire a sound of their own in the form of a duet between violin and bowed flexatone. In the central component 5, the violin and a set of five gueros form a single instrument, a generator of complexly rhythmical stridulation. In each of the even-numbered components, a fragment from another part of *PSYCHE* (a brief duo for violin and steel drum which occurs within *elsewhen* for contrabass and ensemble) forms the beginning or ending point for a sequence of 2, 4, 6 and 8 iterations whose original contents are increasingly erased or increasingly reconstituted respectively.

absences

Richard Barrett
2020-24

as fast as possible

1

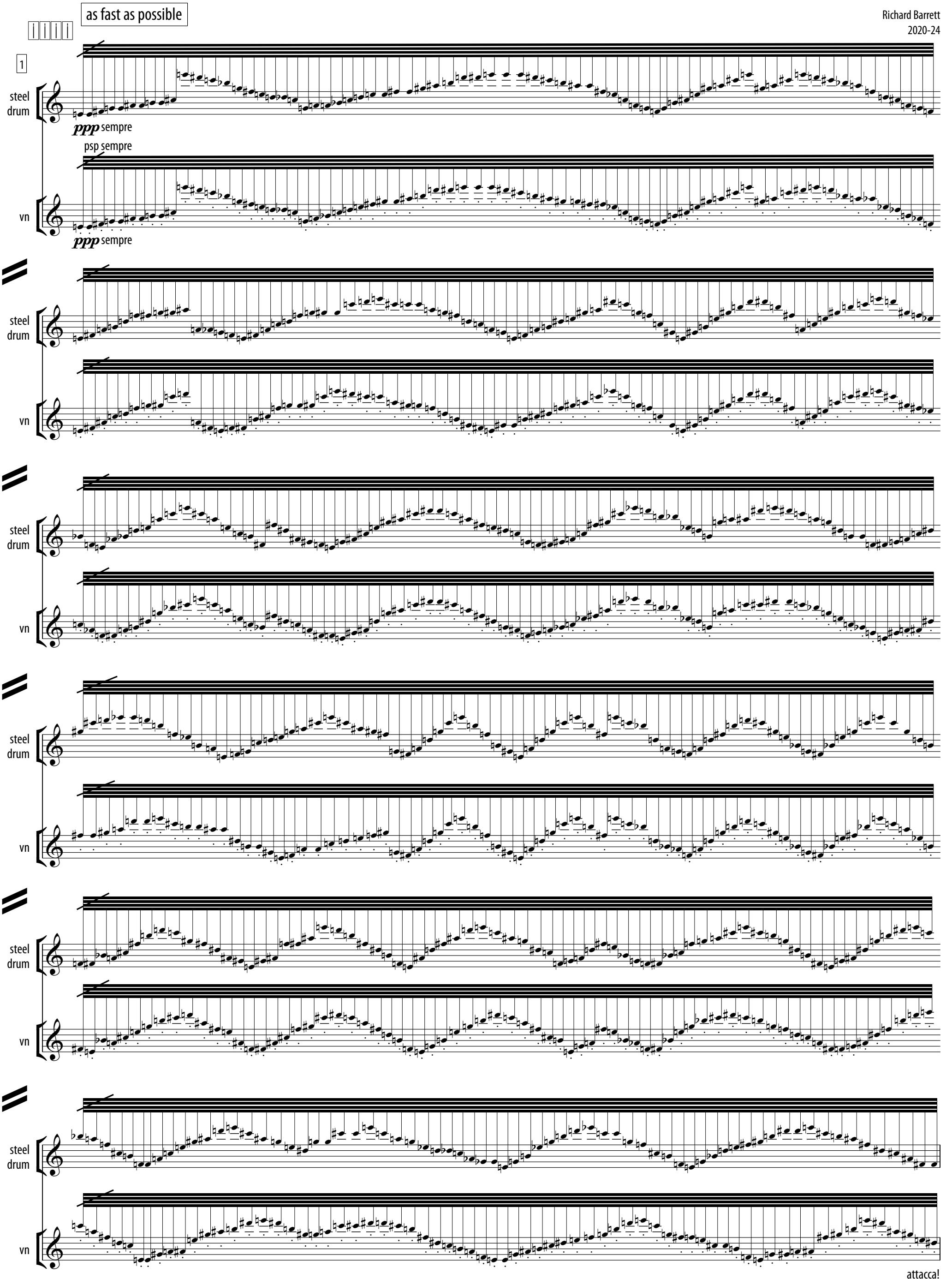
steel drum *ppp semper*
psp semper

vn *ppp semper*

steel drum

vn

attacca!



2

violin as fast as possible (percussion *colla parte*) - rests in tempo $\text{♩} = 90$

2 superball mallets drawn over the surface of the pan, left and right hands (simultaneously!) across the indicated pitches, varying the rate and extent of movement through the pathway of each superball independently so that the result is an indistinct but constantly changing texture without any emphasis on (single) pitches

6 (single) pitches

LH RH

steel drum

nat semper - legatissimo, concealing all bow changes except on accents

vn

pp

I* II III IV IIII II III IV IIII II III IV IIII II I II III II I II I II III
Ø 4 2 1 2 Ø 1 2 Ø 1 0 4 2 0 3 2 1 4 1 0 2 3 4 Ø 1 3 2 Ø 3

* of course it isn't obligatory to use the notated fingerings, but the way they imply an extreme legato through constant string-crossing should always be borne in mind

(continuing...)

steel drum

vn

sim.

p

pp

steel drum

vn

Musical score for steel drum and violin. The steel drum part consists of two staves of notes with corresponding fingerings (e.g., III 1, II 3, I 0). The violin part has two staves with sixteenth-note patterns. Measure numbers 1-10 are indicated above the steel drum staff. Dynamics include *p*, *mp*, and *f*. The score concludes with a repeat sign and endings.

二

38

steel drum

I II I II III IV
1 2 0 1 2 3 2 1 0 4 3 0 4 1 3 4 1 0 4 2 1 3 4 2 3 1 4 0 3 4 1 2 3 1 3 4 0 1

vn

IV III IV
0 1 2 0 1 2 0 3 1 2 1 4 3 0

pp

2

7 3 8 4 8

steel drum

bow pos

vn

2

9

4 8

steel drum

3 8

bow pos

vn

4:3

4:3

4:5

3:2

7:5

4:3

3:2

fff **mp** **p**

fff **mp** **p**

4

11

steel drum

7:5 3:2 4:5

f *mp* *f* *mf* *f* *mp* *f* *p*

vn

bow pos

7:5 3:2 4:5 7:5

f *p* *mp* *ff* *f* *mf* *mp* *pp* *mf* *ff*

3 8

=

13

steel drum

4:3 4:3 7:5 3:2

f *ff* *p* *mp* *f*

bow pos

3:2 4:3 4:3 7:5 3:2

p *mp* *pp* *p* *mp*

vn

3 8 4 8

=

15

steel drum

6:4 3:2 4:5 3

tr *8* *8*:

mp *ppp* *f*

bow pos

3:2 4:5 3:2 II III IV

f *mf* *mp* *fff* *ffff* *ffff*

(rapid random movements of bow position)

vn

4 8 3 8

=

17

steel drum

7:5 4:5 5:4 3:2 4:5 4:3

mp *f* *mp* *pp*

bow pos

4:5

p *f* *mf* *mp*

vn

5 16

19 5 16 7 16 6:5 6:7 2 8 4 8

steel drum gueros bow pos vn

ff f p ff mf ff f mf f mp pp mp ppp

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ → ↓ II III ♫ ♫ ♫

bow pos vn

ff f mp f ff fff mf ff mp ppp

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ → ↓ ↓ ↓

bow pos vn

ff f ff mp f fff mf f fff ff fff

↓ ↓ → ↓ ↓ ↓

22 4 8 4:3 3:2 5:4 9 16

steel drum gueros bow pos vn

ff f ff mf ff f ff f mf ff f f

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ → ↓ ↓ ↓

bow pos vn

mf fff mp f fff mf f fff ff fff

↓ ↓ → ↓ ↓ ↓

25 3 8 10:7 4:5 3:2

steel drum gueros bow pos vn

ff mp f fff mf ff p ff mf f

↓ → ↓ ↓

bow pos vn

mp f fff ff p f ff mf

↓ 3:2

28 4 8 10:8 7:5 9 16

steel drum gueros bow pos vn

p ff mf f ff mp ff f ff mp ff mf f

↓ ↓ ↓ → ↓ ↓

bow pos vn

p mp f f ff mp ff f ff mp ff mf f

↓ 5:4 3:2 10:8

6

31

steel drum
gueros

9 16 6:7 12:9 7 16 5 8

bow pos

vn

5 8 12:10 2 8 4 8 6:4 3:2 3 8

33

steel drum
gueros

bow pos

vn

fff mf f p mp fff] mf <f ff f f mp pp pp

36

3 8 8:9 5 8 6:5 7 16

steel drum
gueros

mf ff fff mf f f fff ff mf f p

bow pos

vn

arco 8:9 6:5 gettato

39

5 16 3 8 5:4 5 16

steel drum
gueros

mf f ff fff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff ff

bow pos

vn

123432123... pp mf ff f ff ff f ff ff ff ff ff ff

This page contains four systems of musical notation. The first system (measures 31-32) features a steel drum, gueros, bowed string (bow pos), and violin (vn). It includes dynamic markings such as *mf*, *fff*, *ff*, *p*, and *mp*, along with performance techniques like *arco*, *pizz*, and various bowing patterns. The second system (measures 33-34) continues with the same instruments and includes dynamic markings like *fff*, *mf*, *f*, *p*, *mp*, and *ffff*. The third system (measures 36-37) shows the instruments transitioning through different time signatures: 3/8, 8:9, 5/8, 6:5, 7/16, and 3/8. The fourth system (measures 39-40) concludes with a final set of time signatures: 5/16, 3/8, 5:4, and 5/16.

42

5 16 3 8 4 8 5 16

steel drum
gueros

vn

bow pos

45

5 16 7 16 4 8

steel drum
gueros

vn

bow pos

47

4 8 3 8

steel drum
vn

bow pos

49

3 8 2 8 4 8

steel drum
vn

bow pos

52

steel drum

pp *f*

p

3 8

2 8

4 8

bow pos

vn

f *pp* *ff* *f* *mf*

55

steel drum

pp mp *p* *mf* *f fff*

bow pos

vn

pp *p* *432123432123....* *mf* *f*

57

steel drum

mf ff pp *fff p* *ppp mp* *mf f*

strike skirt of steel drum (vary position each time)

bow pos

vn

ffff mp p f ppp mf p pp p fff pp mp *mf*

60

steel drum

ff ppp mf *ff* *p* *mf* *ppp f fff mp*

bow pos

vn

ff p ppp 321234321234.... ff mp f pp mp = p ppp f fff p

63

4 8 3 8

steel drum

bow pos

vn

$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$

5:4 6:4 3:2 4:3 7:6 3:2 6:4 3:2 5:4

vn

$mp \text{---} mf fff p ff mp f ppp \text{---} p$

$5:4$

65

3 8 2 8 4 8

steel drum

bow pos

vn

$fff pp mf pp mp \text{---} f p ppp \text{---} mf$

$5:4$

6:5 4:5 5:4 5:4

vn

$f ppp f mp \text{---} ppp mf p fff$

67

4 8 3 8

steel drum

bow pos

vn

$pp mp mf f mf ff ppp p mp$

$5:4$

4:3 6:4 3:2 4:3 7:6 3:2 3:2 7:6 3:2 5:4

vn

$pp mp mf f ff p ff mp f p ppp mf$

69

3 8 2 8 3 8

steel drum

bow pos

vn

$pp mf ff p f ppp f fff mp$

$6:5 4:5 3:2 5:6 3:2 5:6 3:2 5:4$

violin as fast as possible (percussion *colla parte*) - rests in tempo $\text{♩} = 90$

produce continuous sound using vibrator, lowering the pitch by sliding a magnet (damped with a soft cloth) across the note from edge to (almost) centre

71

steel drum
bow pos
vn
 fff
 mp mf

72

steel drum
bow pos
vn
 ff p fff

73

28

steel drum
bow pos
vn
 f mp

74

5
16

2 8 4:3 5 16 7:5 4:3 3:2 3:2 4:3 5 16

steel drum
bow pos
vn
 pp mp fff mf ff p ppp pp p mp ppp
 pp mp fff f ff p mp (mp) p ppp pp ppp

77

5 16 3 8 2 8

steel drum

mf *mp* *ff* *p* *fff* *ppp* *ff*

bow pos

vn

f I II III IV *ff* *mp* *p* *fff* *ppp* *ff*

80

2 8 5 16 7 16 5 16

steel drum

pp *mp* *mf* *p* *ppp*

bow pos

vn

pp *mp* *ff* *f* *p* *ppp* *pp* *p*

83

5 16 3 8 2 8

steel drum

p *f* *ff* *mf* *p* *fff* *mp* *ff*

bow pos

vn

f *pp* *ff* *mf* *p* *f* *ppp* *ff*

86

2 8 5 16 7 16 5 16

steel drum

mp *fff* *mf* *pp* *p* *ppp* *pp* *p* *mp* *mf*

bow pos

vn

mf *p* *ff* *f* *pp* *mp* *ppp* *pp* *pp*

89

5 16

steel drum

bow pos

vn

ppp mp <=f

3 8

4:5 3:2 7:5 4:5

3 8

steel drum

ff *mf* *ff*

bow pos

vn

ppp ff pp

2 8

4:3 4:3

5 16

7:5 16 3:2 5 16

tr 16 3:2 5 16

ff p p mp

bow pos

vn

p ppp *tr* *6:5* *7:8* *mf ff f*

3 8

4:5 7:5 3 8

ff

2 8

4:3 4:3 tr 5 16

ff pp mp

bow pos

vn

p mp >ppp ff mf pp mp

7 16

100

7 16 **5 16** **3 8**

steel drum bow pos vn

ppp *mf* *p* *mf* *f* *mf* *p*

wide vibrato with rapid alternation between normal and "harmonic" fingerpressure, together with rapid but irregular bowed tremolo

3 8 **2 8** **5 16** **7 16**

steel drum bow pos vn

f *ppp* *mp* *fff* *ff* *pp* *fff*

7 16 **5 16** **4:5** **3 8**

steel drum bow pos vn

mf *fff*

3 8 **2 8** **5 16** **7 16**

steel drum bow pos vn

ppp *pp* *fff*

112

steel drum

7 16 **5 16** **3 8**

mp ppp

bow pos

vn

ppp mp ppp p pp

clt

bow pos

vn

ff mf f ff

3 8 **2 8** **5 16** **7 16**

pp mp

bow pos

vn

ppp pp

7 16 **5 16** **3 8** **9 8**

p

flexa tone

9 8 (sounds an octave higher!)

vn

ppp

bow pos

8:6 3:2 6:4

ppp

constant variation within the four different "pitches" which between them should cover as wide a range as possible
(keep flexatone in hand!)

123

styro-foam blocks

bow pos

vn

124

flexa tone

vn

bow pos

7:6

125

flexa tone

vn

bow pos

4:5

6:5

126

styro-foam blocks

bow pos

vn

7:5

8:6

127

flexa tone 8

bow pos

vn

mf

3:2

8:6

4:3

mf

mp

128

flexa tone 8

bow pos

vn

pp

7:5

4:5

pp

p

129

flexa tone 8

bow pos

vn

pp

5:6

8:6

5:4

pp

ppp

130

flexa tone 8

bow pos

vn

ppp

4:5

ppp

131

styro-foam blocks

ppp *mf* *fff* *pp* *f* *mf* *pp* *ppp* *ff* *p* *fff* *= pp* *f* *= fff*

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓-----→ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓-----→ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓-----→ ↓ ↓-----→ ↓

bow pos

vn

ppp *= mf* *fff* *pp* *f* *mf* *pp* *ppp* *ff* *p* *fff* *= pp* *f* *= fff*

132

flexa tone

ff

9:6 4:3

↓

bow pos

5:6 3:2 3:2

vn

ff

f

133

flexa tone

mp

9:6 4:3

bow pos

vn

mp

mf

134

flexa tone

mp

3:2

bow pos

vn

mp

p

5:6 3:2 4:3

135

flexa tone

pp

p

bow pos

vn

pp

p

136

flexa tone

pp

ppp

bow pos

vn

pp

ppp

137

flexa tone

ppp

pp

bow pos

vn

ppp

pp

138

flexa tone

ppp

bow pos

vn

ppp

139

flexa
tone

8

4:3

ppp

bow
pos

vn

3:2

3:2

3:2

ppp

This musical score page contains two staves. The top staff is for the flexatone, indicated by a small icon of a speaker and the text 'flexa tone'. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of '8'. The notes are primarily vertical stems with horizontal dashes, grouped into measures of 4:3. The dynamic instruction '*ppp*' is placed below the staff. The bottom staff is for the violin ('vn'), indicated by a small icon of a violin and the text 'vn'. It also has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The notes are similar to the flexatone staff, grouped into measures of 3:2. The dynamic instruction '*ppp*' is also present here. A horizontal line labeled 'bow pos' with arrows at both ends spans the width of the staff, indicating the bow's position across the strings.